

Present Status and Plan of Research and Development on HTTR and Hydrogen Production in JAERI

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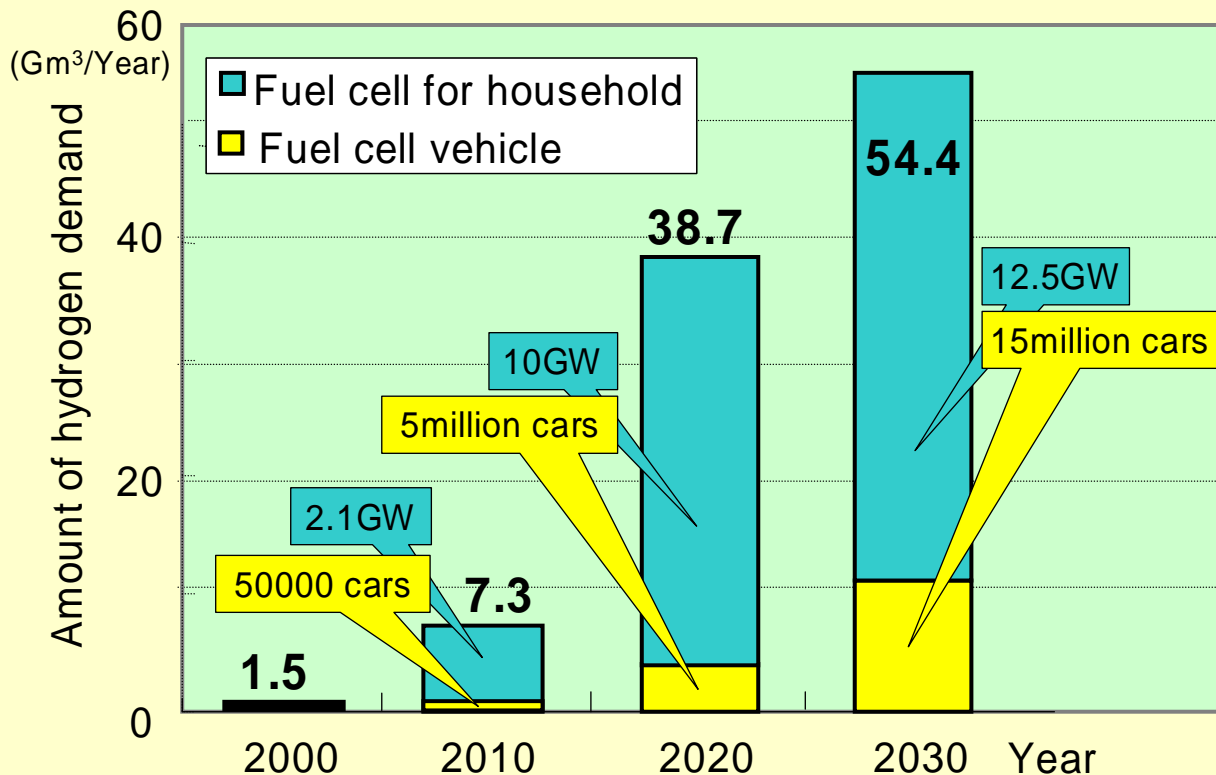
Contents

1. Introduction
2. HTTR Project
3. Future Perspective
4. Conclusion

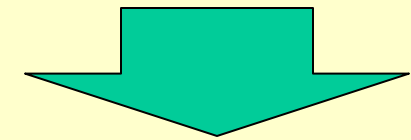
Nuclear Production of Hydrogen

Nuclear production of hydrogen could meet massive demand in the future!

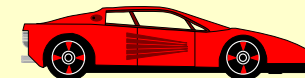
■ Target for introduction of fuel cell vehicles (FCVs) to market in Japan



One HTGR
with thermal power
of 600MW



One million FCVs



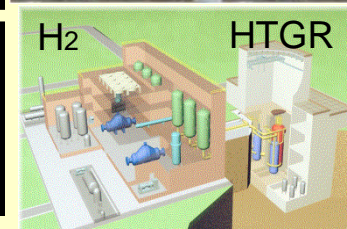
(75 million cars in JAPAN)

Supply Power of Hydrogen to H₂-Station

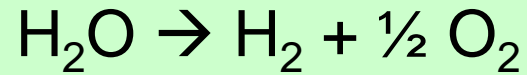
<p>Facility for energy conversion</p>	<p>Site area necessary to produce hydrogen of 300m³/h at one small H₂-station of 0.1ha (=40m x 25m)</p>
<p>Photovoltaic cells</p>	<p>6-10 ha 60-100 times area of H₂-station</p>
<p>Windmills Two large windmills (75-88 m blade-diameter)</p>	<p>30 ha 300 times area of H₂-station</p>
<p>HTGR Thermal output of 600MW</p>	<p>6 ha for about 270 H₂-stations</p>



Height; 100 m



High Temperature Gas-cooled Reactors

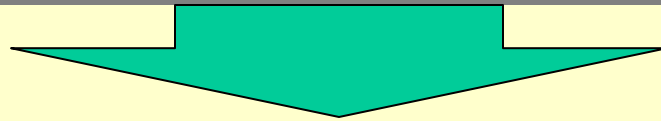


Theoretical Efficiency of Water Splitting

$$\eta = \frac{\Delta H_{\text{H}_2}}{\Delta H} = \frac{T_H - T_L}{T_H} \frac{T_d}{T_d - T_L} \quad (T < T_d)$$

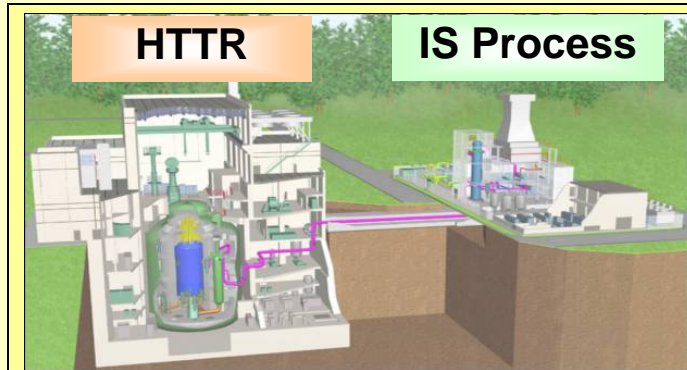
$\left[\begin{array}{l} \Delta H: \text{Input energy, } \Delta H_{\text{H}_2}: \text{Hydrogen energy, } T_H: \text{Temp. of heat source,} \\ T_L: \text{Temp. of heat absorber, } T_d: =4309 \text{ K, Temp. at } \Delta G=0 \text{ in water} \\ \text{decomposition, } G: \text{Free energy} \end{array} \right]$

Higher temperature is higher theoretical efficiency !



HTGRs can produce hydrogen with high efficiency !

Present Status of HTTR Project



■ Hydrogen Production Technology

System Integration

- Safety evaluation, Isolation valve test; → On going

IS Process

- Bench-scale; June 2004
- Pilot-scale ; from 2005
- HTTR IS ; from 2010



■ Reactor Technology

- Achievement of 950°C (30MW) ; Apr. 2004
- Safety Demonstration Test ; On going
- High Performance Test of Fuel and Materials ; On going

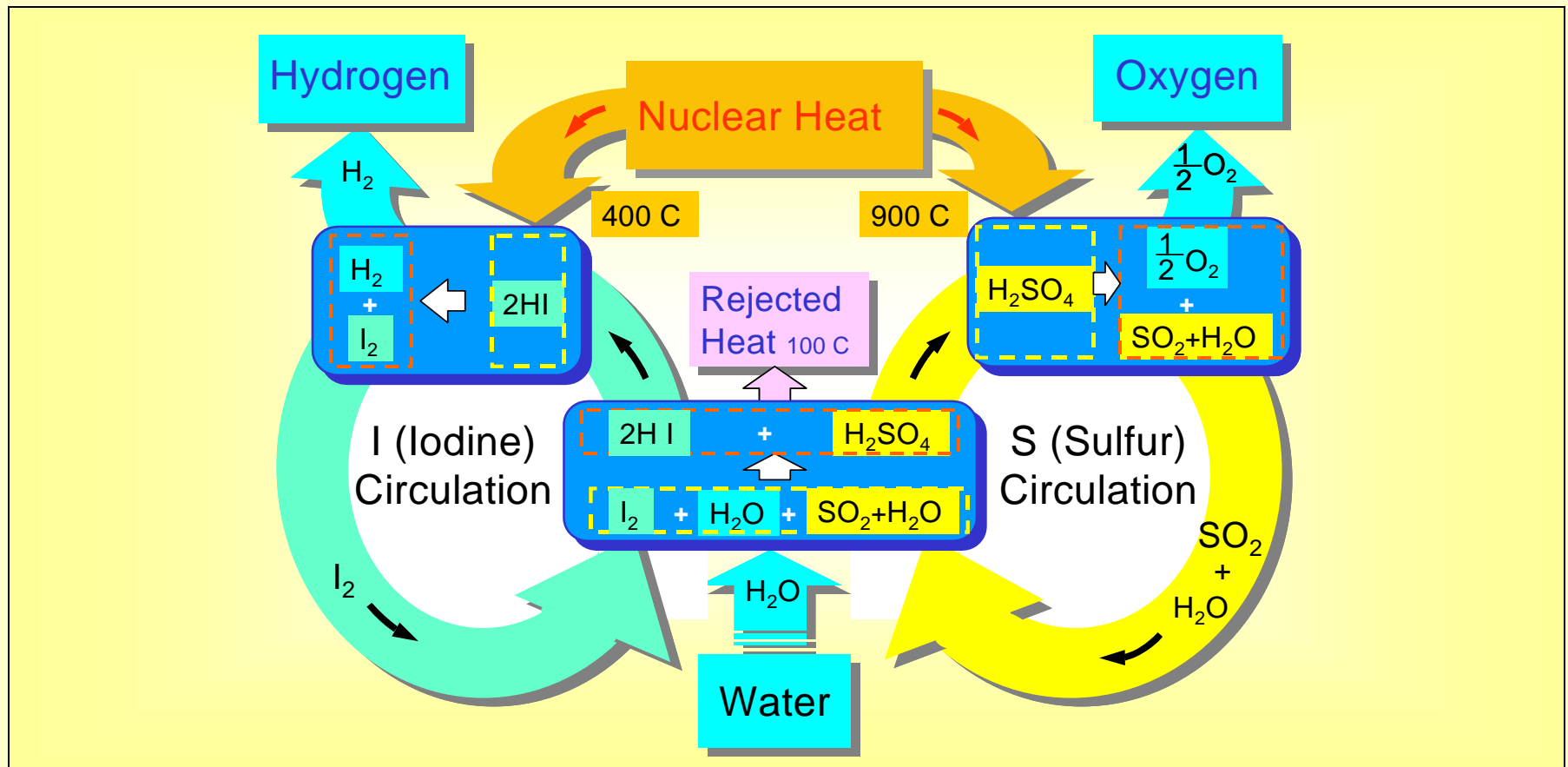


■ Design, and Gas Turbine Technology

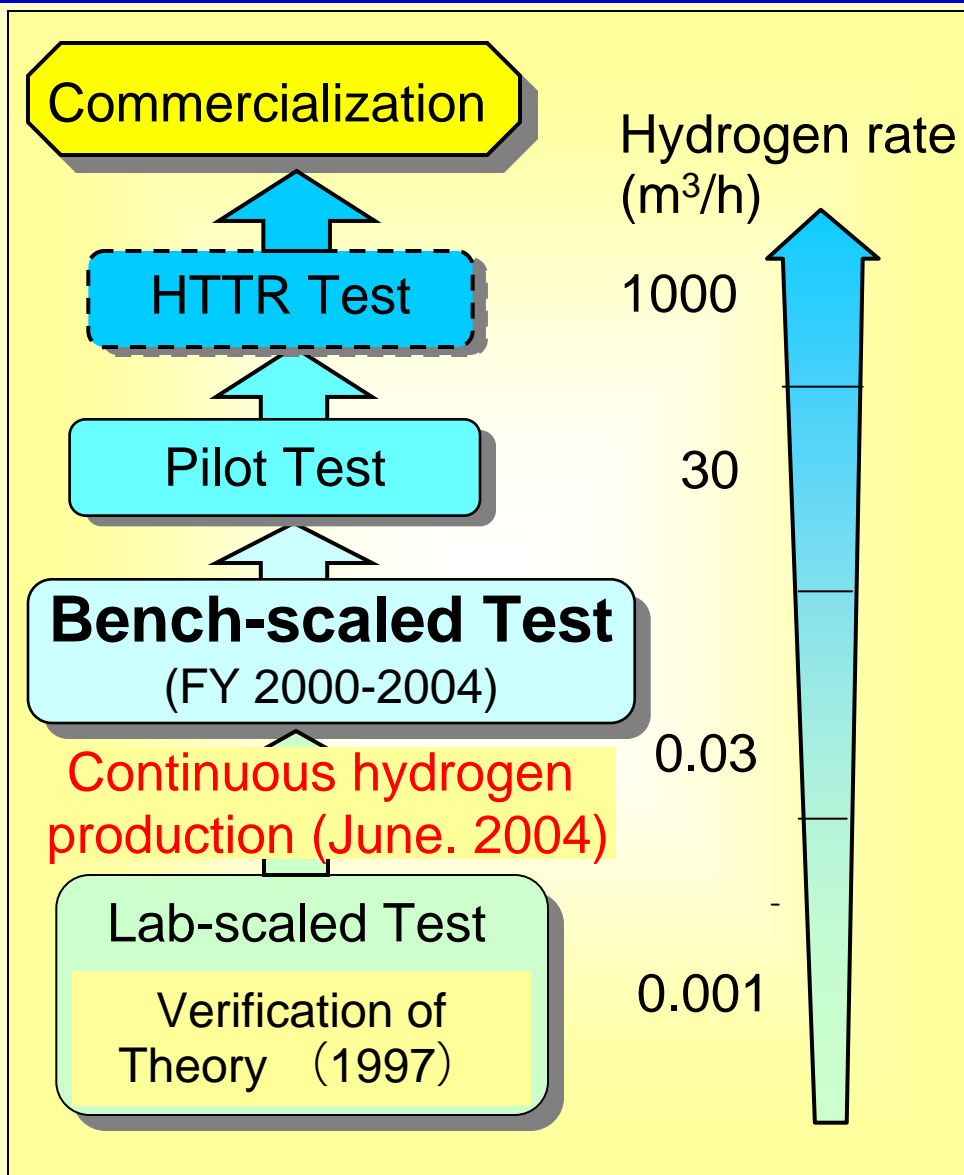
- Design of GTHTR300 (Electricity, 850°C) and VHTR-GTH2 (Electricity and hydrogen, 950°C); On going
- Tests of Compressor, Magnetic Bearing and Control ; On going

Thermochemical IS Process

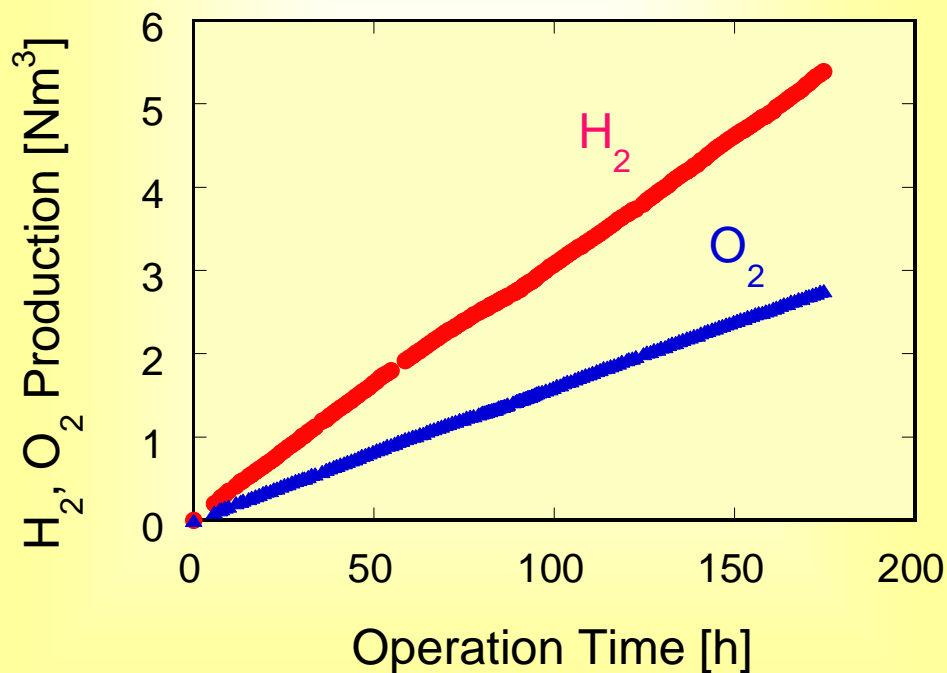
- Pyrolysis of water; Heat more than 4000°C
- IS Process ; One of thermochemical methods using heat less than 900°C with I (Iodine) and S (sulfur)



Result and Plan of IS Process (JAERI's Proposal)

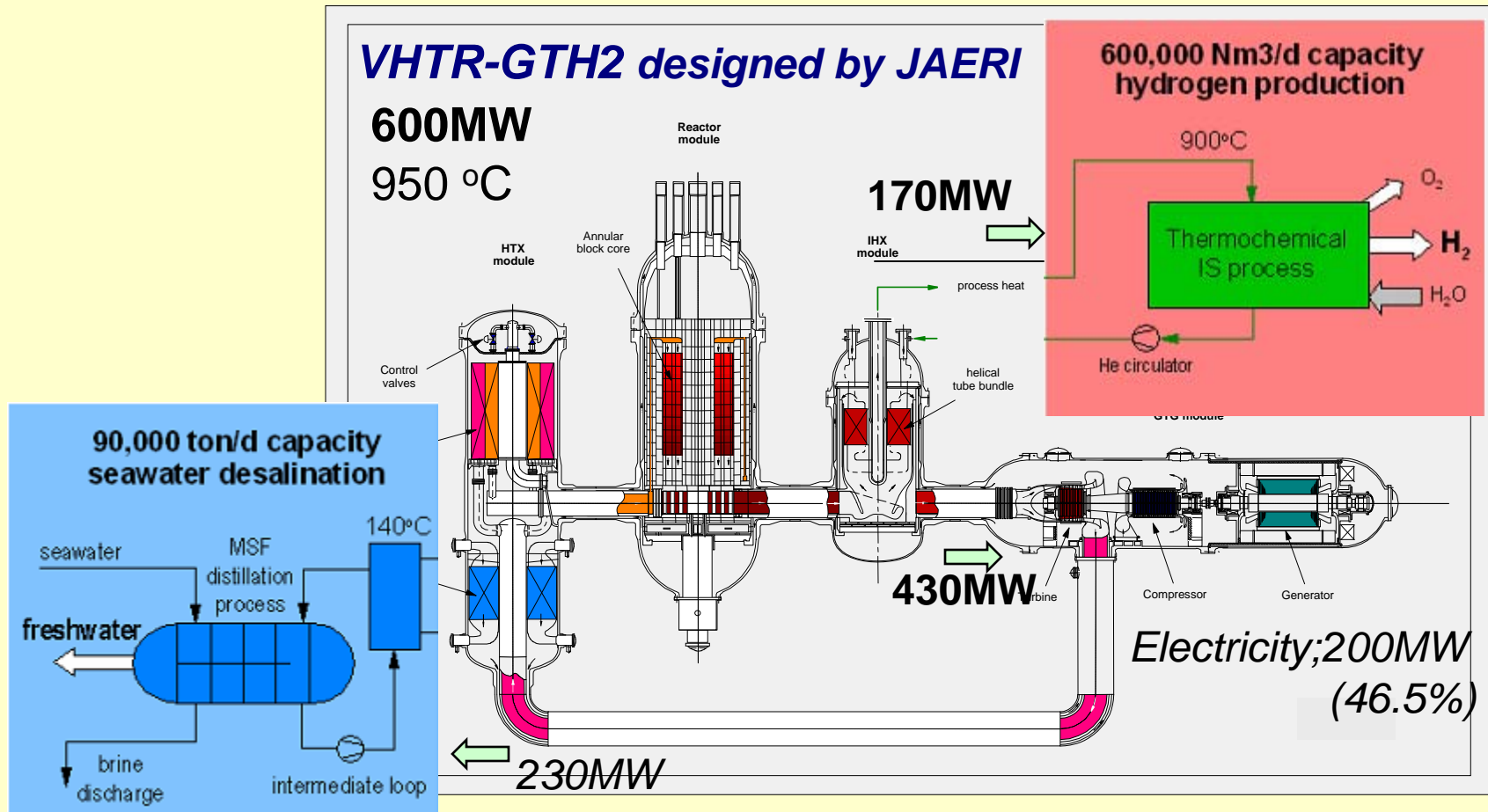


Continuous hydrogen production was successfully achieved with hydrogen production rate of about 30NL/h for 1week.

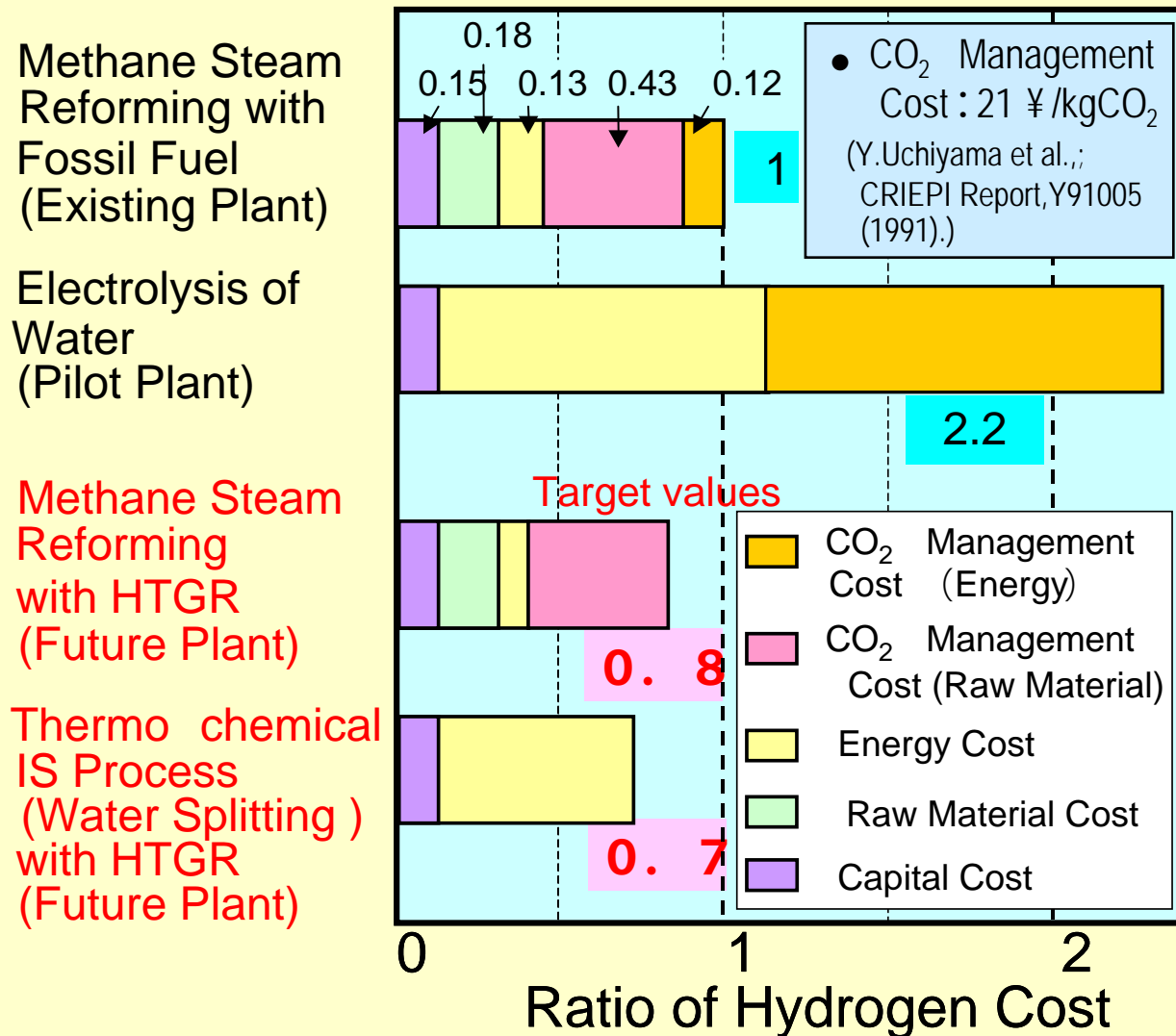


VHTR-GTH2 for Multipurpose Use

- HTGR Cascade Energy Plant for 80% efficient production of hydrogen, electricity and freshwater



Prospect of Cost Including CO₂ Management Cost



Future Plan of HTTR Project

2005

2010

Reactor technology (HTTR)

- Safety demonstration test
- Operation, Maintenance,
- High performance tests

System Integration Technology

- Safety evaluation
- Isolation valve

Hydrogen Production Technology (IS Process)

- Pilot test (2005-)
- Component tests
- System analysis
- Verification of codes

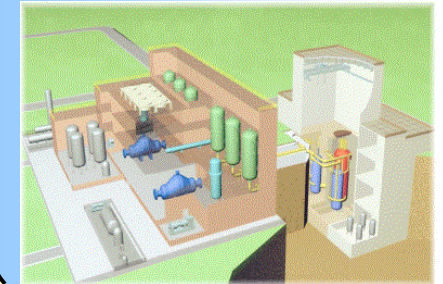


Hydrogen Production with HTTR-IS System

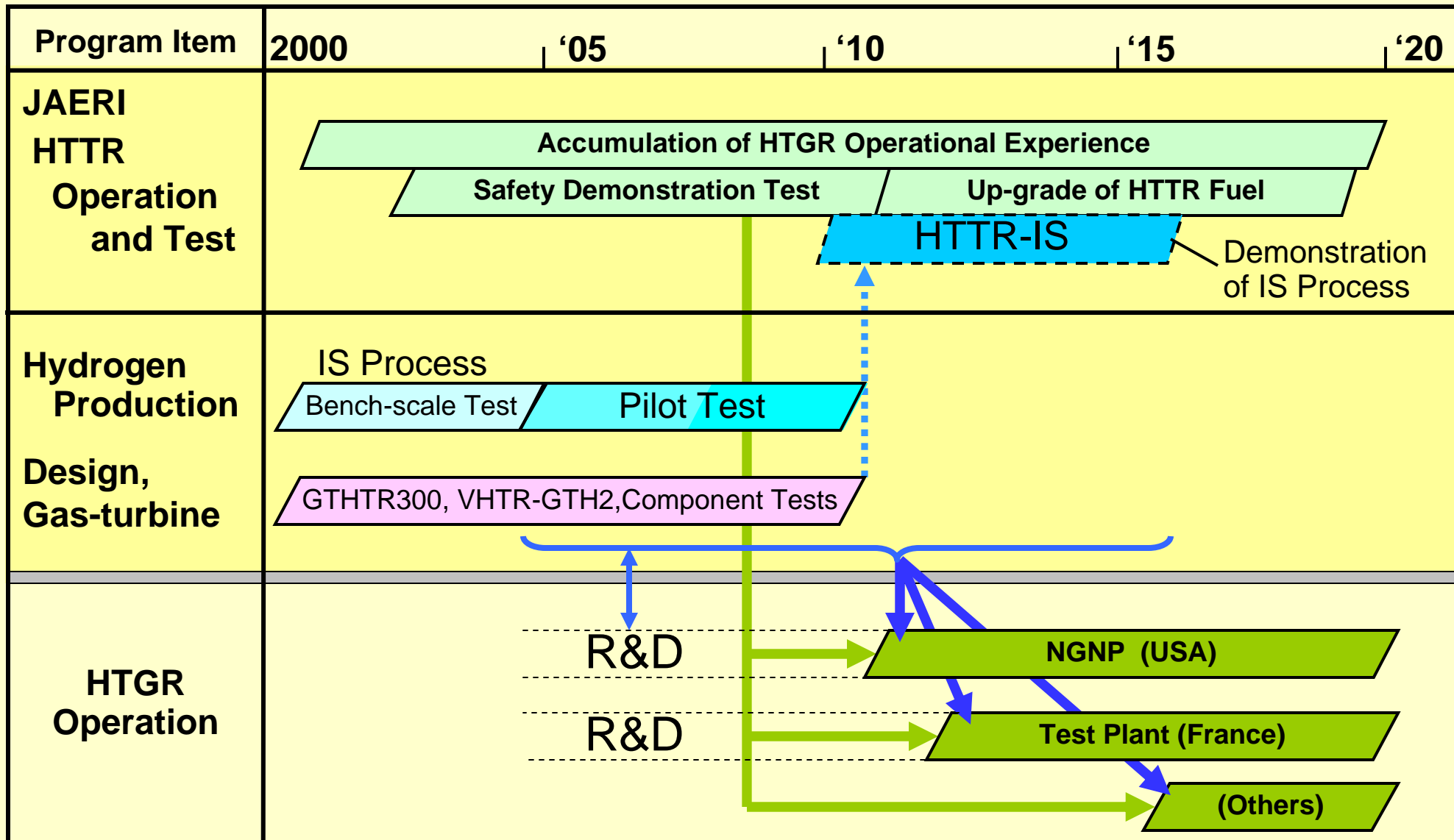


Commercial HTGR System

Hydrogen production for commercial use in 2020s



International Cooperation



Conclusion

- Nuclear production of hydrogen can meet massive demand in the future.
- HTGR is one of the most promising nuclear plants to produce hydrogen with high efficiency.
- The HTTR project at JAERI will facilitate the transition to a hydrogen economy.
- The R&D on hydrogen production with heat from HTGR shall be enhanced on a global base.