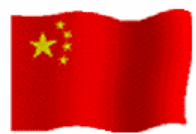


China's Activities Related to Hydrogen Development

Dinghuan SHI

Ministry of Science and Technology – China

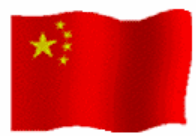
**IPHE – Steering Committee Meeting
Paris, France
January, 2005**



China's Vision for Hydrogen Economy

Transition to Hydrogen Economy

- **By 2020 - Technology Development Phase:** Research to meet customer requirements and establish business case lead to commercialization decision.
- **By 2050 - Market Penetration Phase:** Electric power and transport market begin to develop, infrastructure investment begins with government policies.
- **Beyond 2050 - Fully Developed Market and Infrastructure Phase:** The hydrogen economy is realized.

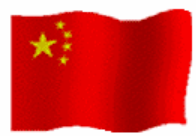


China Has Set H₂/FC as Technology Development Priority

In the about-to-end “Tenth Five-year Plan” (2001-2005), funding for energy research accounted for about 15% of total supporting effort for the national scientific R&D.

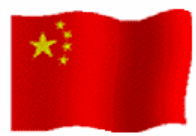
Funding for EV&H₂/FC-related programs added up to 40% of total energy research budget.

Main focus includes both basic and technological aspects of fuel cell, hydrogen storage and generation.

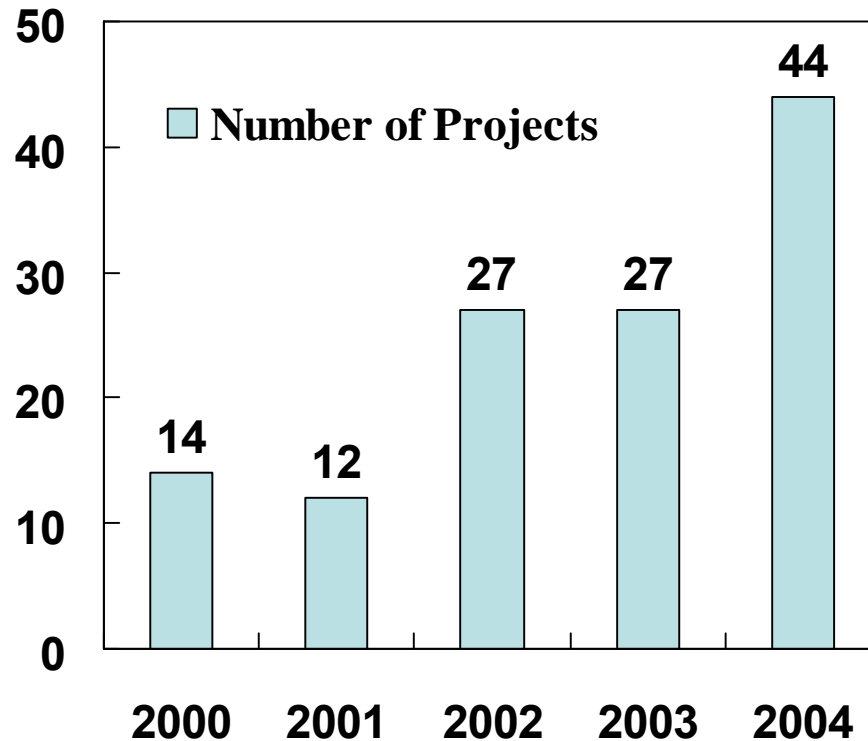


H₂/FC-related Basic Research in 973 Program

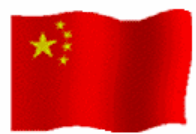
- **Fundamentals of Large-scale Production, Storage and Transportation of hydrogen and the related Fuel Cells**
 - 2000-2005, 30million RMB
- **Basic Research of Hydrogen Production in Scale Using Solar Energy**
 - 2003-2008, 22million RMB









Projects Supported by the NSFC

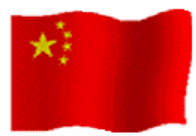


Priority areas: Mechanism and materials in hydrogen storage, production and fuel cell.



Ongoing Projects Supported by the MOST

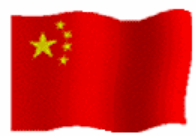
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Fundamentals of Large-scale Production, Storage and Transportation of Hydrogen and the related Fuel Cells								
				Basic Research of Hydrogen Production in Scale Using Solar Energy					
		Post-Fossil Thematic Project on Hydrogen Technology							
		Post-Fossil Thematic Project on High-Temperature Fuel Cell Technology							
		Target-Oriented Key Project on Electric Automobile							
					Beijing Hydrogen Transportation Partnership and Demonstration Park				



China set highest priority on energy issues in the coming decades

Energy and resources has been integrated into China's "Mid-to-long Term Sci-Tech Plan" as a premium topic, in which hydrogen and fuel cell is set as an area of priority;

"The Law for Renewable Energy" has been drafted and is being reviewed. The ratification and implementation of the law is expected to boost the RD&D and commercialization of hydrogen and renewable energy.



Milestone of FCVs in China

100kW FC

70kW FC

30kW FC

5kW FC

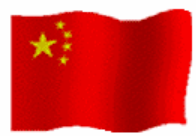


1999

2001

2002

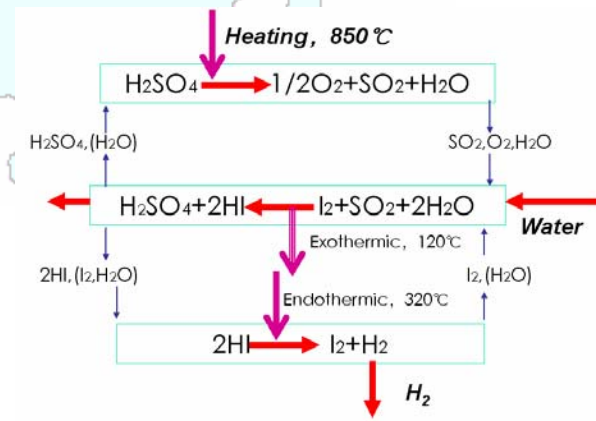
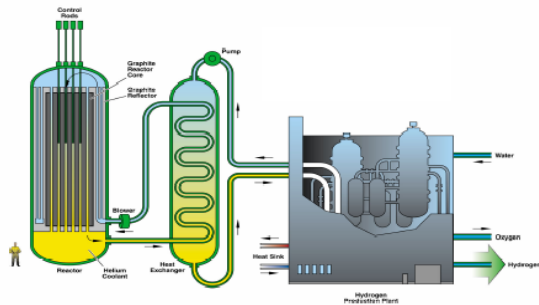
2004

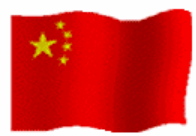


Hydrogen from Nuclear Energy

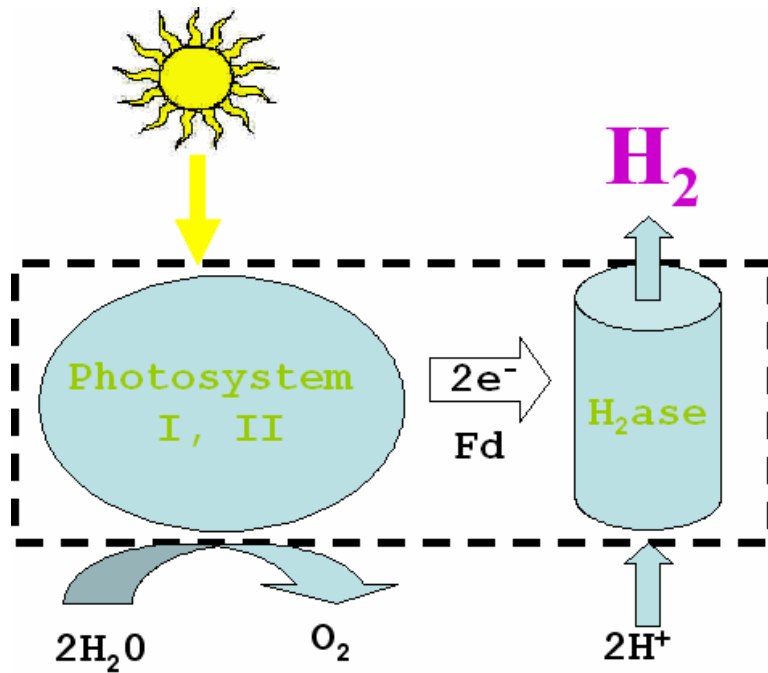
R&D Plan

- Phase I (□2006□): Establish a laboratory-scale thermo-chemical water-splitting hydrogen production cycle system (nL/h); demonstrate the feasibility of the process.
- Phase II □□2010□□ Establishment of a bench-scale (1m³/h) hydrogen production system
- Phase III (-2015): Establishment of a out-of-pile pilot demonstration plant (km³/h □)

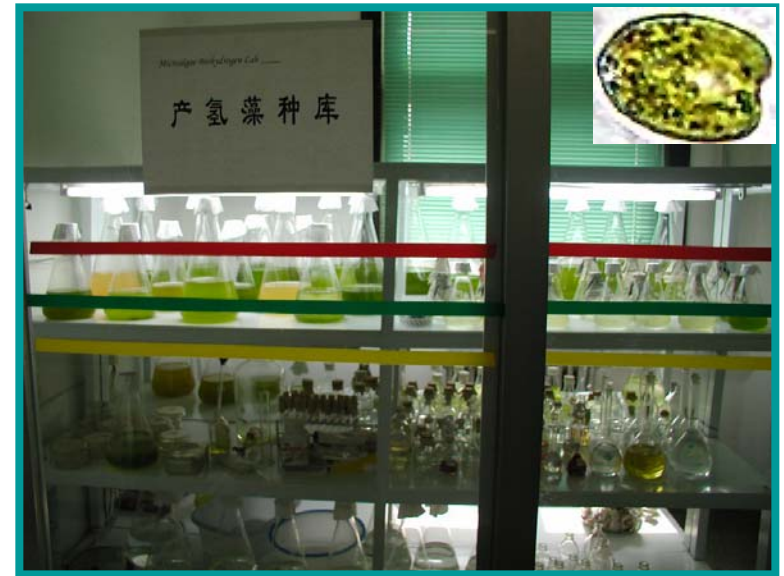




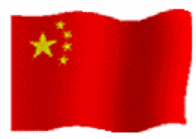
Achievements in Hydrogen Production



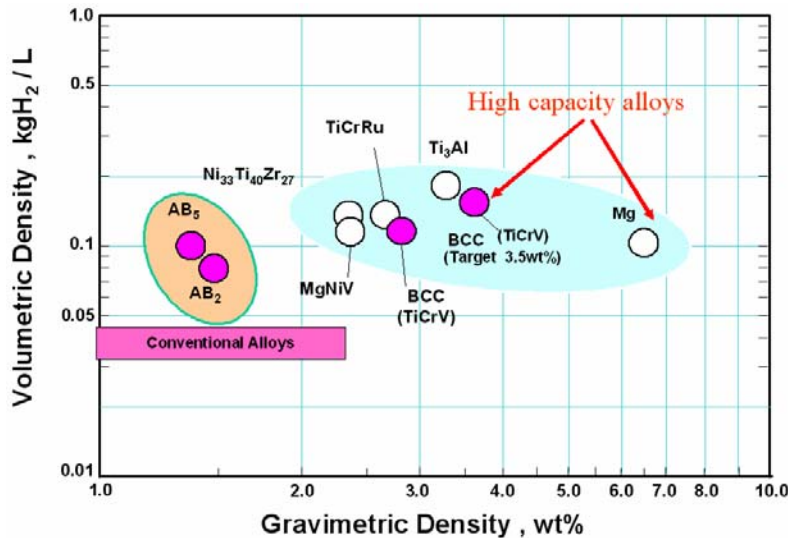
Photobiological Hydrogen Production



Marine Green Algae Bank



Hydrogen Storage



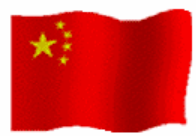
Characteristics of Mg Alloy

- **High Storage Capacity (Maximum $\square\square$ 7.6wt%)**
- lower sorption kinetic
- high reaction temperature

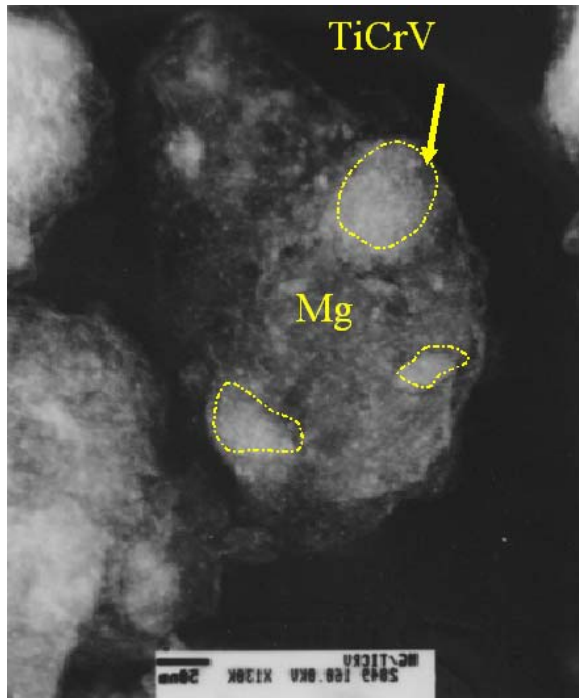
Characteristics of BCC (TiCrV)

- **Favorable Sorption Kinetic**
- **Lower Reaction Temperature**
- relatively low storage capacity (Maximum: $\square\square$ 4.0wt%)

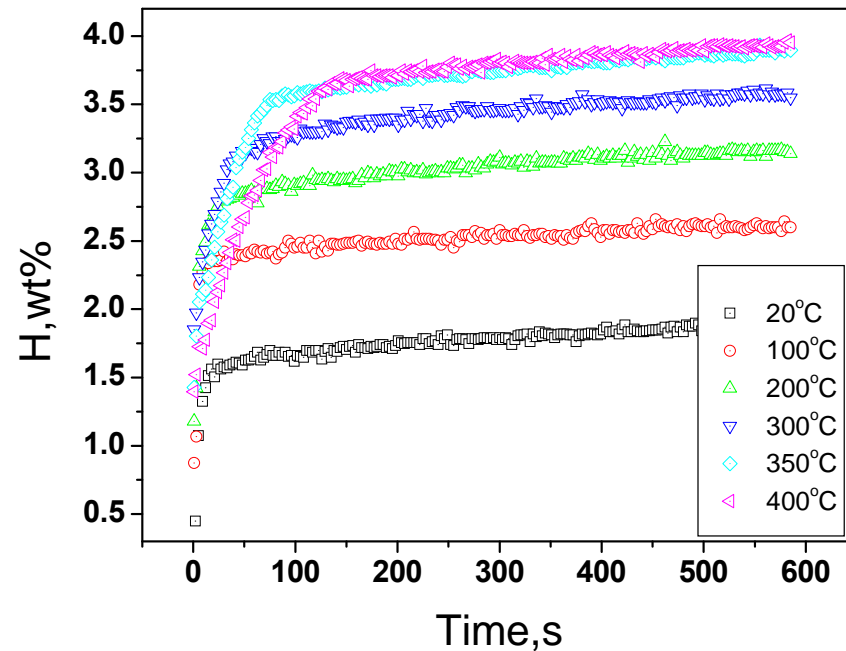
INNOVATION: Mechanical Alloying for Synergy



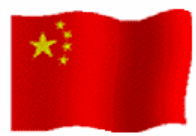
Hydrogen Storage



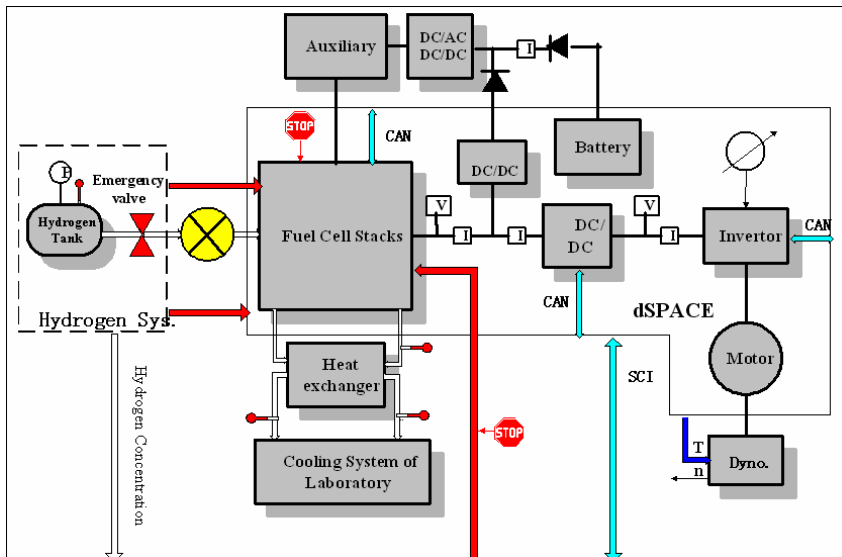
TEM micrograph for Mg/TiCrV (6:4wt%) nano-composite after mechanical alloying



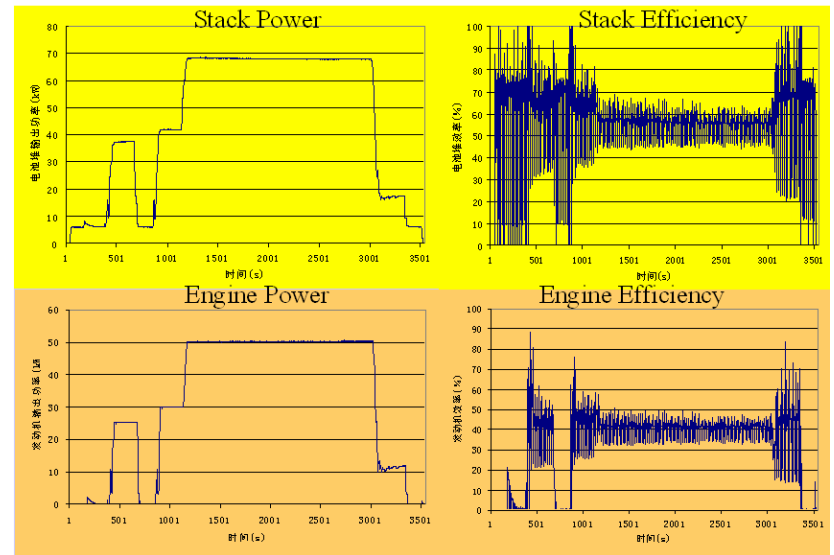
Absorption kinetic curves of MgH₂/TiCrV hydrogen storage composite at different temperature (P=2.0MPa)



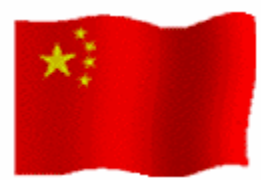
Hydrogen Utilization— PEM-FC



Fuel Cell Engine Evaluation System



Fuel Cell Engine Testing Results



Hydrogen Utilization— DM-FC



Mobile phone

Due to its high energy density, DMFC has been considered as the most favorable portable power sources for mobile phone, PDA, notebook and other electronics. Significant progresses have acquired in China recently, and some of demonstrations are as follows:



PDA



Notebook



50 W DMFC system



Hydrogen Utilization— MC-FC



MCFC stack

Molten carbonate fuel cells and solid oxide fuel cells can extract hydrogen from a variety of fuels including coal-based fuels. They can achieve an efficiency of 60% stand-alone, or over 80% (net) if the waste heat is used for cogeneration.

The following demonstrations were developed at Shanghai Jiao Tong University, China

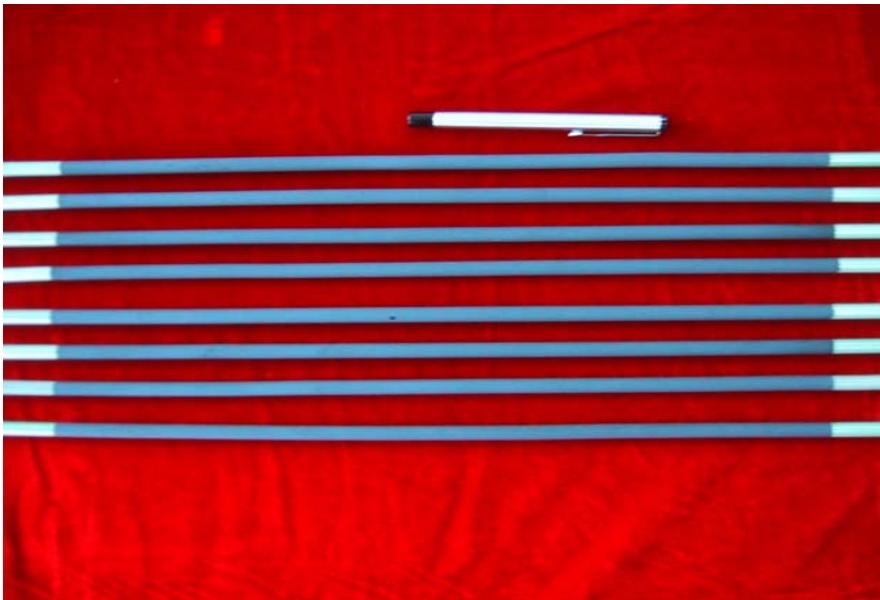


10-100 kW MCFC system

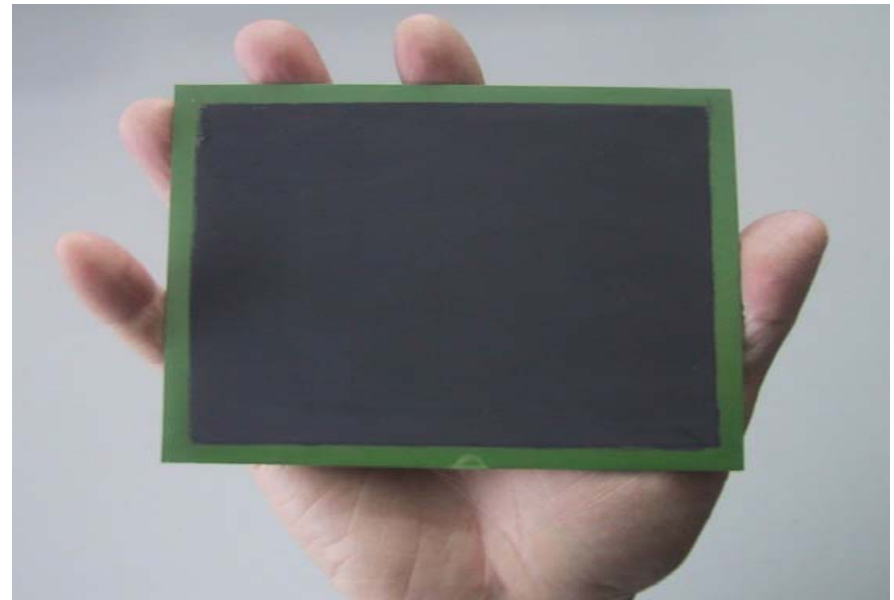


Hydrogen Utilization— SO-FC

Both tubular and planar type SOFC are being developed. The following key components showed a good performance, and the R&D plan is to set up several kilowatts tubular SOFC demonstration in the coming year.



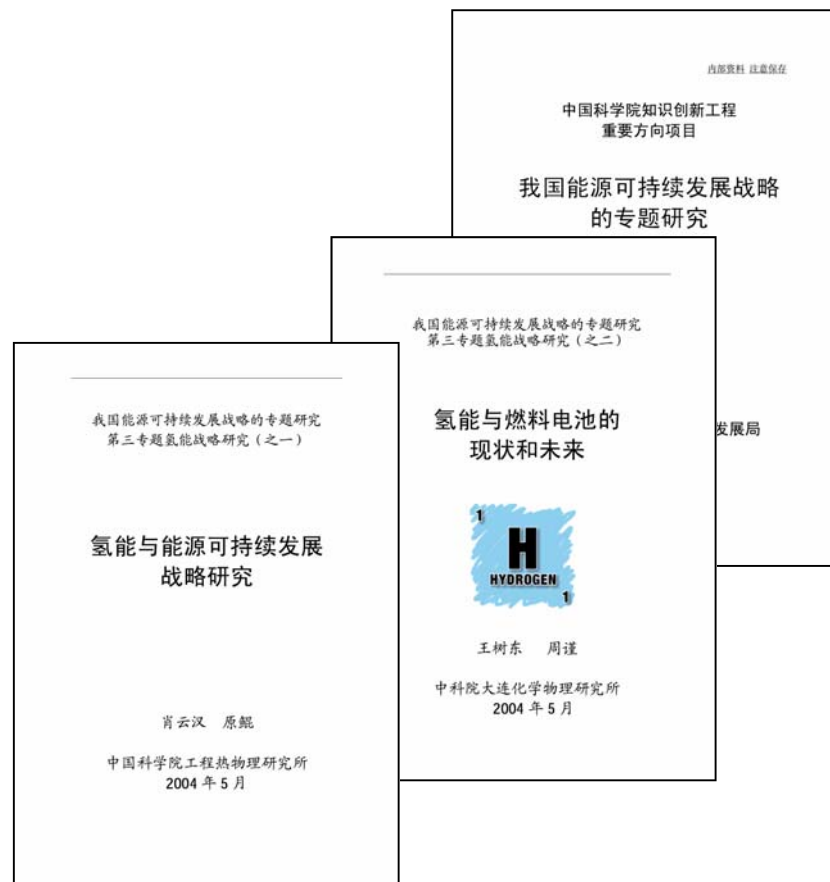
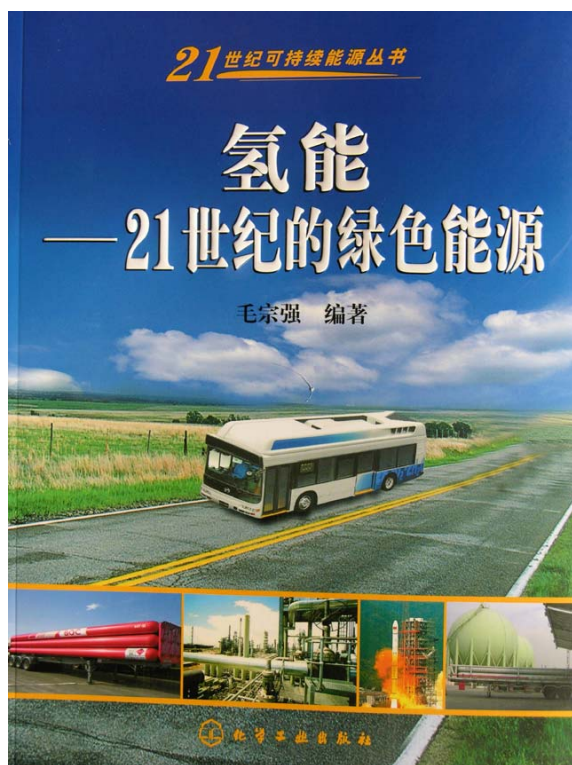
Tubular Cells
Length: 500 mm
Cell power: >25 W at 0.7V

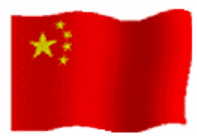


Planar Cells
Effective area: 100 cm²
Cell power: > 50 W at 0.7V

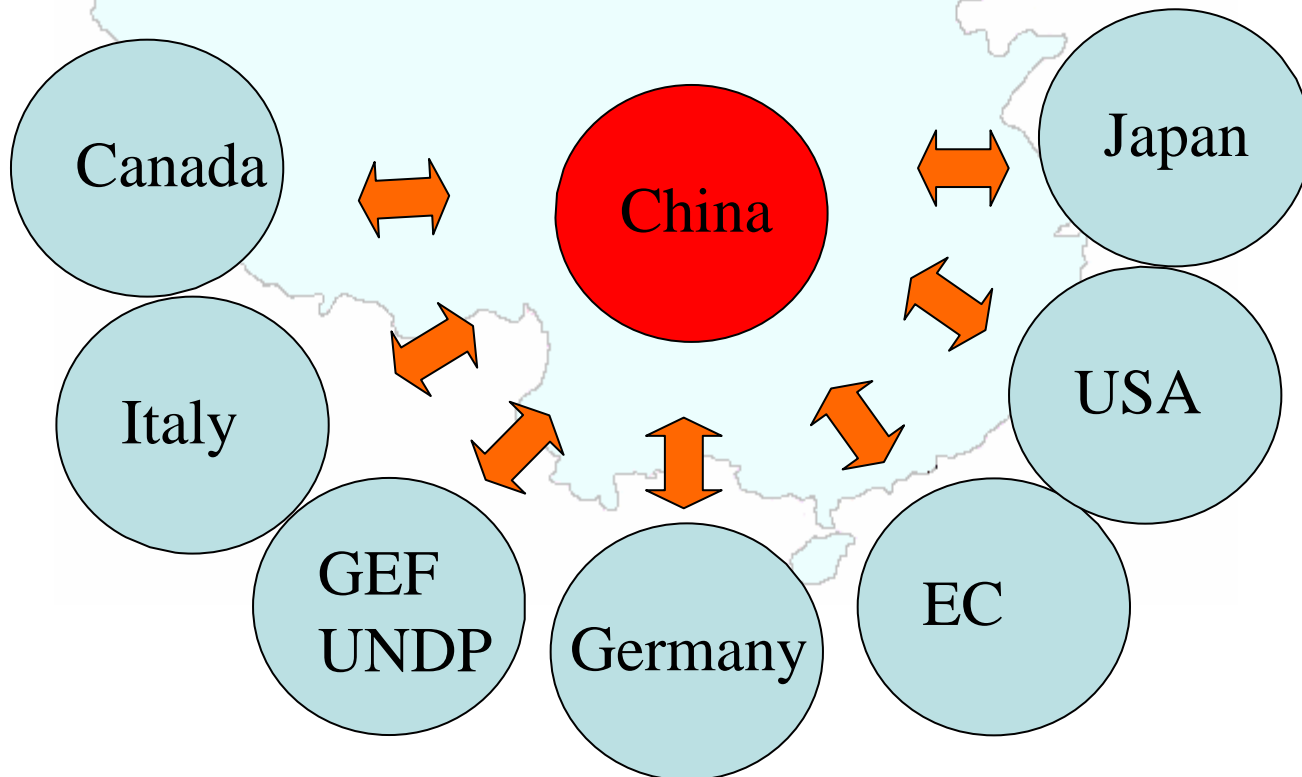


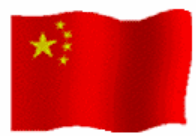
Monographs on Hydrogen Energy





Hydrogen-related International Cooperation



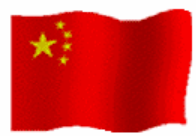


Hydrogen-related International Events

HYFORUM, May 2004, Beijing



More than 700 participants, including senior officials, investors, experts and entrepreneurs from all over the world gathered together to discuss technical and non-technical issues in transition to hydrogen economy. Totally more than 200 papers were received.



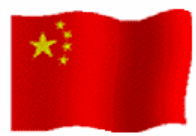
Hydrogen-related International Events

2nd IPHE SC Meeting, May 2004, Beijing



The second steering committee meeting of IPHE was held successfully in Beijing, leading to “Beijing Action Plan”.



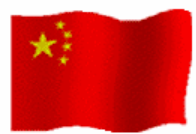


Hydrogen-related Events

May 2004 Vision Meeting



A workshop for China's vision of hydrogen economy was held in May, 2004. More than 50 domestic senior executives from industry, government, environmental organizations, and research institutions. 9 experts from America participated in the Vision Meeting.



Roadmap toward Hydrogen Economy

January 2005 Roadmap Meeting, Beijing



A workshop for China's Roadmap hydrogen economy was held in January, 2005. More than 90 domestic senior executives from industry, government, environmental organizations, and research institutions.

An aerial photograph of a traditional Chinese village. The village features a prominent yellow wall that winds through the buildings. The architecture is characterized by dark, tiled roofs. In the background, a large, rugged mountain rises against a clear sky. The foreground shows a mix of trees, some with bare branches and others with green foliage, and a paved area. The overall scene is a blend of traditional architecture and natural landscape.

Thanks for your Attention