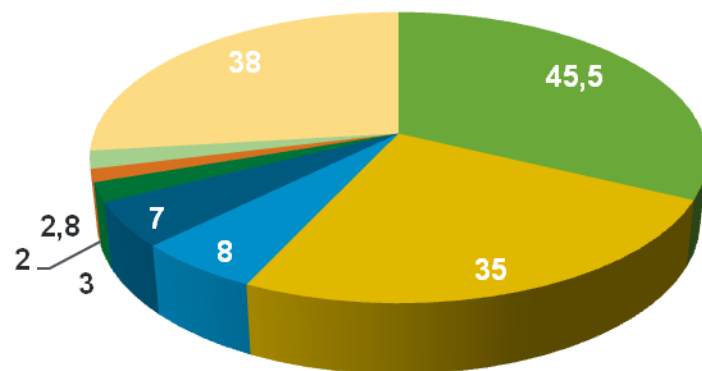


Approximately \$100 M for Applied RD&D in Hydrogen and Fuel Cells (EERE)

Funding (\$ in thousands)

Key Activity	FY 2011 Appropriation	FY 2012 Request	House Mark	Senate Mark
Fuel Cell R&D	43,000	45,450	41,450	42,000
Hydrogen Fuel R&D	33,000	35,000	33,000	33,000
Technology Validation	9,000	8,000	5,000	8,000
Market Transformation	0	0	0	3,000
Safety, Codes & Standards	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Education	0	0	0	0
Systems Analysis	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Manufacturing R&D	3,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Total	\$98,000	\$100,450	\$91,450	98,000

Total DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies FY12 Budget Request (in millions of US \$)



- Fuel Cell Systems R&D
- Hydrogen Fuel R&D
- Technology Validation
- Safety, Codes & Standards
- Systems Analysis
- Manufacturing R&D
- Nuclear Energy (NE)*
- Basic Science (SC)**

SECA: \$25M for Fossil Energy (House mark)

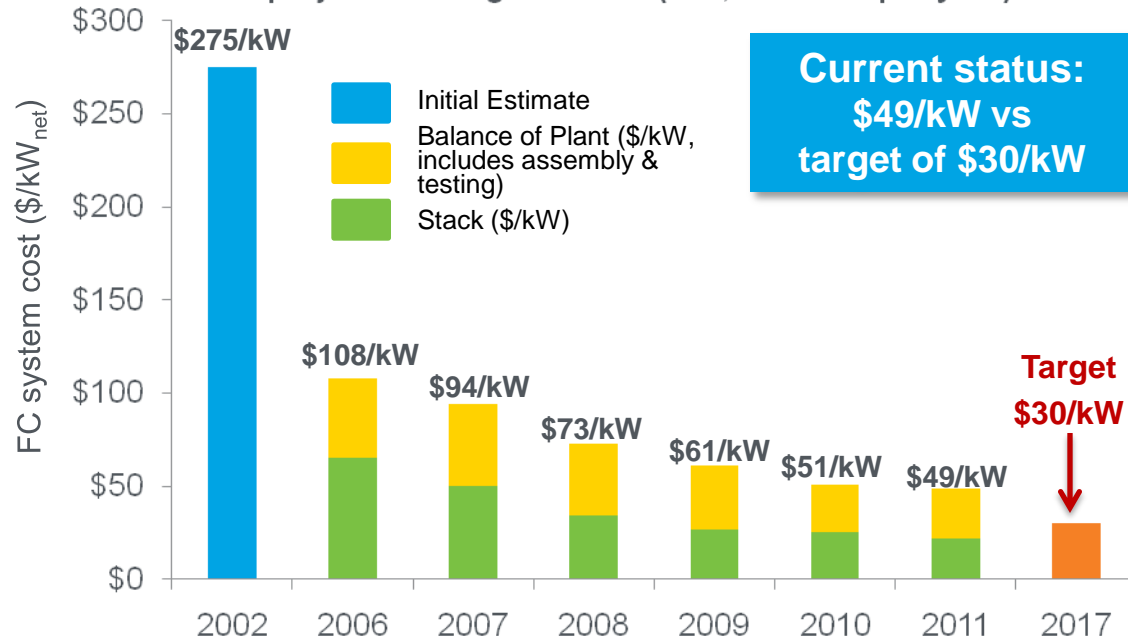
Notes: Hydrogen Fuel R&D includes Hydrogen Production & Delivery R&D and Hydrogen Storage R&D.

DOE-funded efforts have reduced the projected high-volume cost of fuel cells to \$49/kW (2011)*

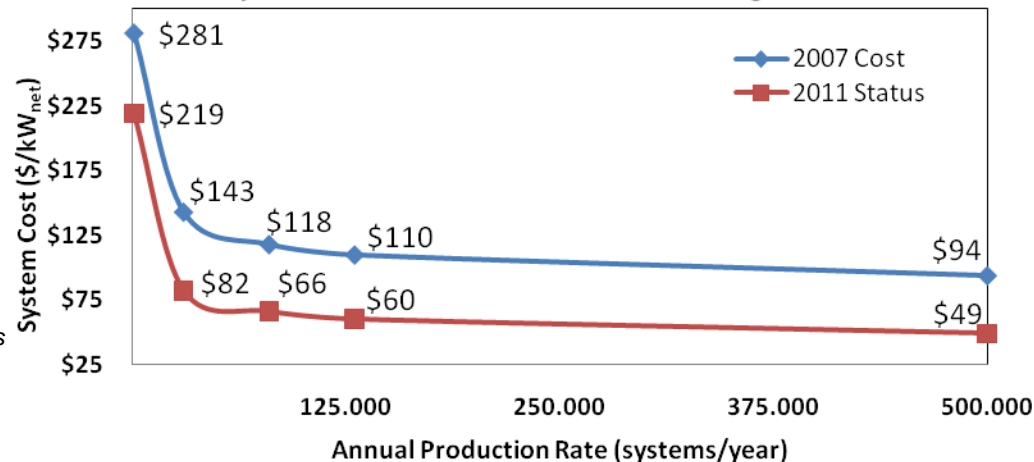
• More than 30% reduction since 2008

• More than 80% reduction since 2002

Projected Transportation Fuel Cell System Cost
-projected to high-volume (500,000 units per year)-



Projected Costs at Different Manufacturing Rates



**Based on projection to high-volume manufacturing (500,000 units/year). The projected cost status is based on an analysis of state-of-the-art components that have been developed and demonstrated through the DOE Program at the laboratory scale. Additional efforts would be needed for integration of components into a complete automotive system that meets durability requirements in real-world conditions.*

Reduced cost of H₂ production (multiple pathways)

Vehicles & infrastructure




- 170 fuel cell vehicles, 24 hydrogen stations
- > 3.3 million miles traveled
- > 146 thousand total vehicle hours driven
- ~ 2,500 hours (nearly 75K miles) durability
- ~ 5 minute refueling time (4 kg of hydrogen)

H₂ fuel cell buses (w/ DOT) have a 42% to 139% better fuel economy when compared to diesel & CNG buses



- Tanks can achieve >250 mile range
- Validated vehicle that can achieve 430 mi
- Developed and evaluated more than 400 material approaches experimentally and millions computationally

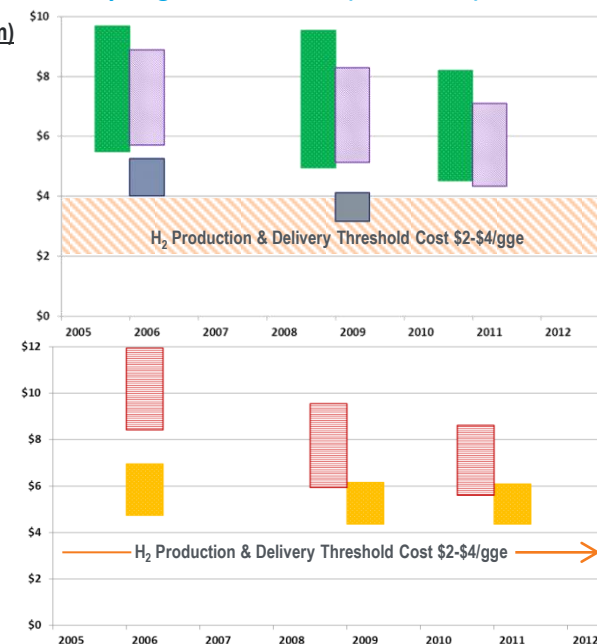
Projected High-Volume Cost of Hydrogen Production¹ (Delivered²)—Status

Distributed Production (near term)

-  Electrolysis
Feedstock variability: \$0.03 - \$0.08 per kWh
-  Bio-Derived Liquids
Feedstock variability: \$1.00 - \$3.00 per gallon ethanol
-  Natural Gas Reforming
Feedstock variability: \$4.00 - \$10.00 per MMBtu

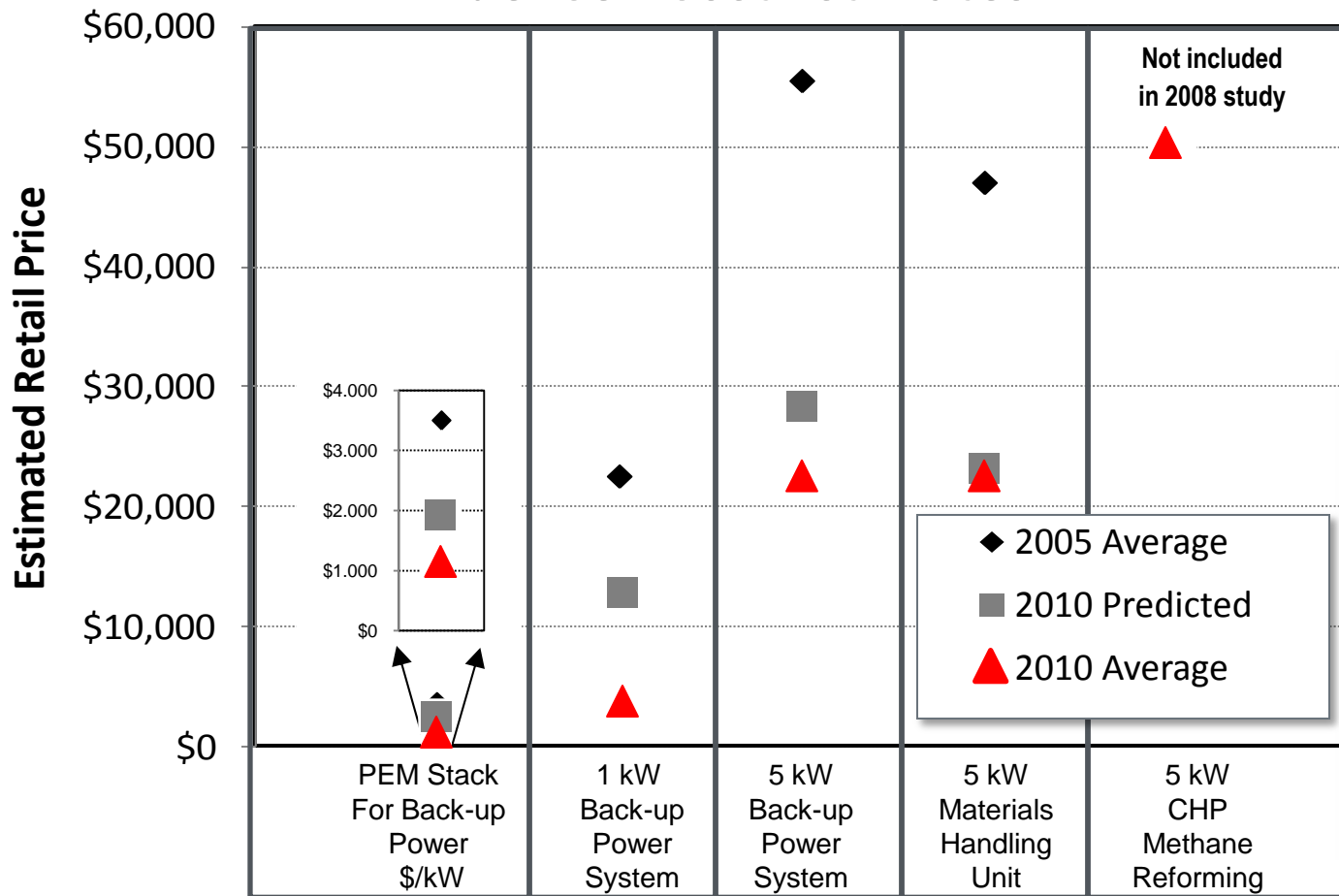
Central Production (longer term)

-  Electrolysis
Feedstock variability: \$0.03 - \$0.08 per kWh
-  Biomass Gasification
Feedstock variability: \$40- \$120 per dry short ton



- Demonstrated cycle-life of >50,000 refuelings of metal tanks for forklift applications
- Developed safety courses, educated >17,000 first responders and code officials through introductory web-based courses and advanced hands-on training

Comparison of 2008 ORNL Study and 2010 Fuel Cell Cost Estimates



- 50% or greater reduction in costs
- 2008 model generally underestimated cost reductions

OAK RIDGE
NATIONAL LABORATORY
MANAGED BY UT-BATTELLE
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

ORNL/TM-2011/101

Status and Outlook for the U.S.
Non-Automotive Fuel Cell Industry:
Impacts of Government Policies and
Assessment of Future Opportunities

May 2011

Prepared by:
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Oak Ridge National Laboratory
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UCF International
Girish Upreti
University of Tennessee



http://www1.eere.energy.gov/hydrogenandfuelcells/pdfs/ornl_non_automotive_fuelcell.pdf

2005 and 2010 averages based on estimates supplied by OEMs. 2010 predicted assumed government procurements of 2,175 units per year, total for all market segments. Predictions assumed a progress ratio of 0.9 and scale elasticity of -0.2.

RFI: Total Cost of Ownership for Future Light-Duty Vehicles

RFI Closes: December 16, 2011

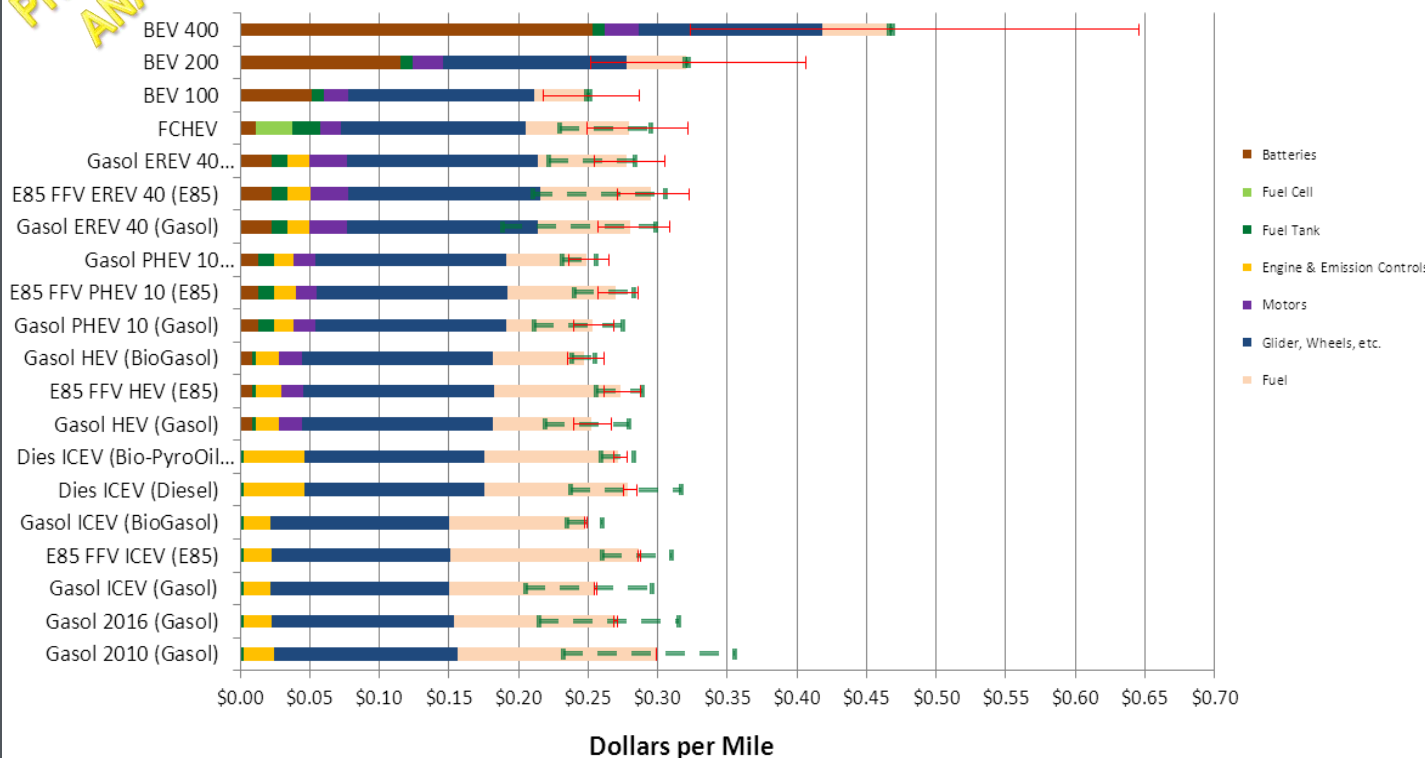
For Questions, Email: TCORFI@go.doe.gov

**PRELIMINARY
ANALYSIS**

Lifecycle Costs of Advanced Vehicles

Component Cost per Mile in Year 2030

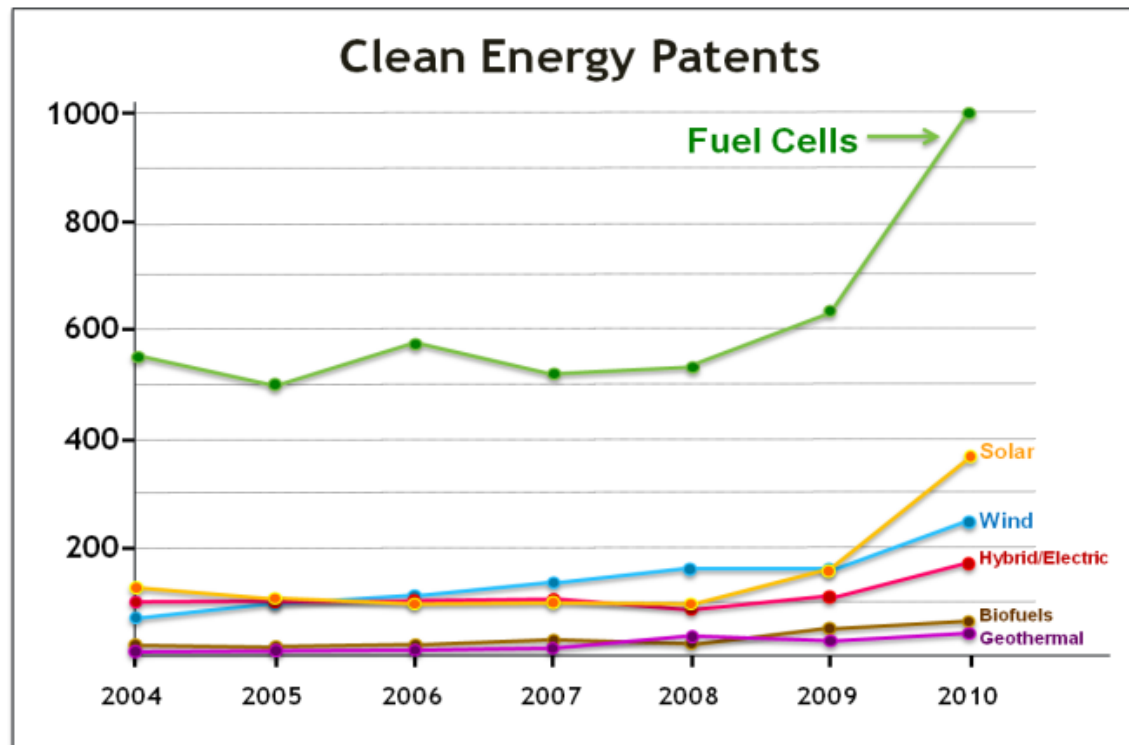
(except where indicated)



Feedback is requested on:

- The assumptions (aggressive, moderate or conservative levels of success for various technologies).
- The projection of cost reduction rates for technologies that are not yet fully commercial.
- The general financial analysis approach used.

Error bars include fuel price volatility (green) and different assumptions for technology success (red) (2030 timeframe)



Clean Energy Patent Growth Index^[1] shows that fuel cell patents lead in the clean energy field with nearly 1,000 fuel cell patents issued worldwide in 2010.

- 3x more than the second place holder, solar, which has just ~360 patents.
- Number of fuel cell patents grew > 57% in 2010.

[1] 2010 Year in Review at: http://cepgi.typepad.com/heslin_rothenberg_farley_/